

# PLANNING A HYFLEX TEACHING SESSION

## What do we mean by HyFlex?

HyFlex is the term used to describe the simultaneous delivery of face to face and online learning (Educause 2020).

## IS YOUR SUBJECT CONDUCTIVE TO BEING TAUGHT 'HYFLEX'?

Formats such as lab sessions, live demonstrations or the use of multiple whiteboards may not be suitable for the challenge of HyFlex delivery.

## CONSIDER THE QUALITY OF THE STUDENT EXPERIENCE

Be inclusive of those in person and online with opportunities for all to access the session and resources, and to engage.

## MAINTAIN A TEACHING PRESENCE

What features does the teaching space have to capture your face to face teaching session? What will be your back-up plan in case of technology issues? If possible, know the space and familiarise yourself with the technology beforehand.

## SELECT APPROPRIATE LEARNING ACTIVITIES

Consider why you are doing the activities and will they work in a HyFlex way?

## DO LESS IN YOUR SESSION - PRIORITISE

Ensure that you cover the intended outcomes and related assessment, but do less. Allow more time to set-up/close down.

## ARRANGE SUPPORT FOR YOUR DELIVERY

Having a 'co-pilot' is strongly recommended. Who can you draw on to help support the face to face or online students during the session? Agree responsibilities for communication beforehand.

### Further details and tips

For more suggestions on addressing these tips, contact SALT: [salt@swansea.ac.uk](mailto:salt@swansea.ac.uk)

### Resources at Swansea University

Review [AV Services - Swansea University](#) webpage.  
For advice, email: [AVsupport@swansea.ac.uk](mailto:AVsupport@swansea.ac.uk)

# DELIVERING A HYFLEX TEACHING SESSION



## HAVE A BALANCE OF STUDENTS ENGAGING ACROSS METHODS

Ideally, if you have to deliver in a HyFlex approach, a mix of face to face and online students, having roughly equal numbers is best.



## BE POSITIVE ABOUT THE APPROACH

Try not to share your anxiety with the students, but be open that things might not work. Encourage mutual understanding.



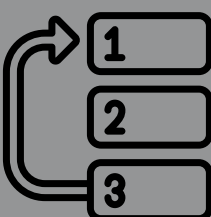
## COMMUNICATE AND MANAGE STUDENT EXPECTATIONS

Induct students regarding technology, engagement, the approach, session timings, your back-up plan if there are technology issues.



## PROMOTE INTERACTION, COMMUNITY AND BELONGING

Use simple engagement approaches throughout the session that can be used by both face to face and remote students.



## DO LESS IN YOUR SESSIONS - PRIORITISE CONTENT AND LEARNING

Cover the essentials but support student learning through repeating key points, taking breaks. Schedule virtual Office Hours for all students.



## CREATE CONNECTION IN YOUR SESSION

Ensure, where possible, online students can see and hear you on camera, and any materials you are sharing in class. Creating connection with face-to-face students can be achieved by turning your camera around at intervals, allowing online students to view their classmates. Having a 'co-pilot' would be strongly recommended.

### Further Reading and Tips

(Some may be specific to the platforms at each institution)

**Educause definition (2020):**

<https://library.educause.edu/-/media/files/library/2020/7/eli7173.pdf>

**Columbia University : What is it? Getting Started? The set-up? The Strategies?**  
[Hybrid/HyFlex Teaching & Learning \(columbia.edu\)](#)

**Heriot-Watt University: Questions to consider:**

[How to combine online and in-person teaching simultaneously](#)

**Leeds Beckett University: 6 principles of hybrid teaching and learning:**

<https://teachlearn.leedsbeckett.ac.uk/-/media/files/clt/lbu-6-principles-of-hybrid-230921.docx>

**University of the West of England: Introduction to hybrid teaching:**

[An introduction to hybrid teaching | Learning Innovation Unit \(fetliu.net\)](#)

and **Hybrid teaching made simple** | [Learning Innovation Unit \(fetliu.net\)](#)

